



RGX-111 Gene Therapy for the Treatment of Severe Mucopolysaccharidosis Type I: Interim Analysis of the First in Human Study and a Single Patient IND

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MPS I is a Systemic Disease Representing a Wide Spectrum of Severity

Severity of Disease Manifestations Correlates with Degree of alpha-I-iduronidase (IDUA) Deficiency

	Hurler (60%)	Hurler-Scheie (23%)	Scheie (13%)
Symptom Onset	0.5 y	3.0 y	7.8 y
Age of diagnosis	0.8 y	3.9 y	9.3 y
Cognitive	100% Regression	35% IQ < 85 14% IQ < 70	Usually normal
Somatic	Most manifestations and most severe	Intermediate number and severity	Fewest manifestations, least severe
	Coarse facial features, organomegaly, dysostosis multiplex, carpal tunnel syndrome, stiff joints, hydrocephalus, cord compression, cardiac valvular disease, recurrent upper airway infections, OAD/ sleep apnea, corneal clouding, hearing loss		
Life expectancy	Rapid progression; < 10 y	Slower progression; 30 – 40 y	Slow progression; > 40 y
SoC	HSCT	Systemic ERT	Systemic ERT
Unmet needs with SoC	Musculoskeletal/orthopedic Cardiac valve disease Corneal clouding Neurocognitive – improved but often not normal	Musculoskeletal/orthopedic Cardiac valve disease Corneal clouding Neurocognitive – milder dysfunction	N/A

RGX-111: MPS I Phase 1/2 Clinical Study Summary

[NCT03580083 on ClinicalTrials.gov](https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/study/NCT03580083)

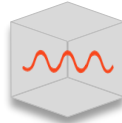
Participants

Enrollment up to 11 MPS I participants with CNS involvement or severe MPS I (≥ 4 months of age)

May be on Standard of Care IV ERT or ERT Naïve

Cohorts (dose levels)

Genome copies/g brain mass



**RGX-111
AAV9 + IDS**

Cohort 1: 1.0×10^{10}

Cohort 2: 5.0×10^{10}

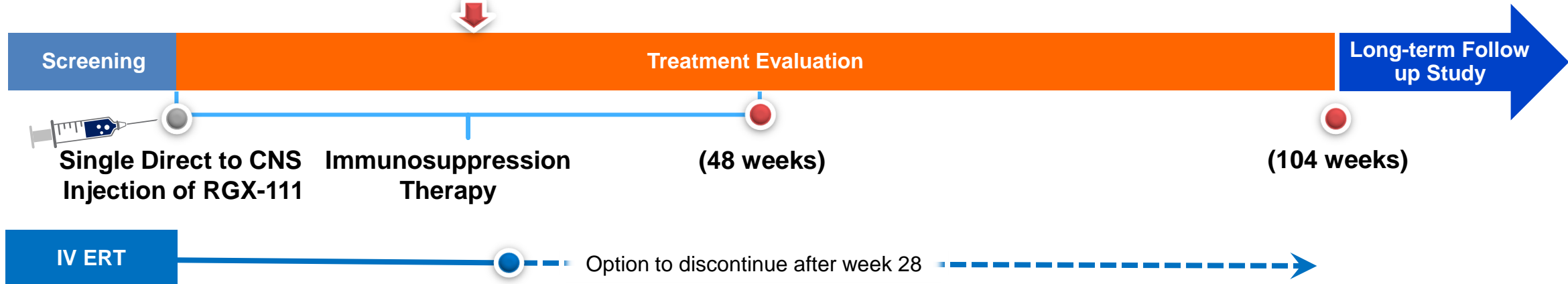
Data

Primary Endpoint is Safety

Secondary & Exploratory Endpoints Include:

- CSF Biomarkers (Heparan Sulfate)
- Neurodevelopmental Assessments (Bayley / WASI)
- Caregiver reported outcomes (Vineland)
- Systemic Biomarkers (urine & plasma)

Primary Safety Endpoint (24 weeks)



RGX-111 Phase 1/2 Trial and Single Patient Investigator-Initiated IND

- 6 participants dosed as of December 20, 2021, 5 in Phase 1/2 trial and 1 in single patient IND
- Ages at dosing from 4 months to 13 years in Phase 1/2 trial and 20 months in single patient IND
- IDUA* Mutations among Phase 1/2 trial and single patient IND participants include nonsense/frameshift, nonsense/null variant splice site, and missense
- No SAEs related to study drug as of December 20, 2021
- Immunosuppression discontinued per protocol in one trial participant and single patient IND participant

Cohort	N	Dose (GC/g Brain Mass)	Follow-Up (Weeks)	Prior / Treatment at Dosing	Immunosuppression Regimen Status	ERT (IV) Status [†]
Cohort 1	2	1.0 x 10 ¹⁰	40-56 wks	1 prior HSCT+ ERT [^] 1 ERT	1 completed 1 active	1 not on ERT 1 weekly
Cohort 2	3	5.0 x 10 ¹⁰	3-32 wks*	1 HSCT + ERT 1 ERT 1 ERT naïve	3 active	2 weekly 1 ERT naïve
Single Patient IND	1	1.0 x 10 ^{10**}	87 wks	ERT	completed	weekly

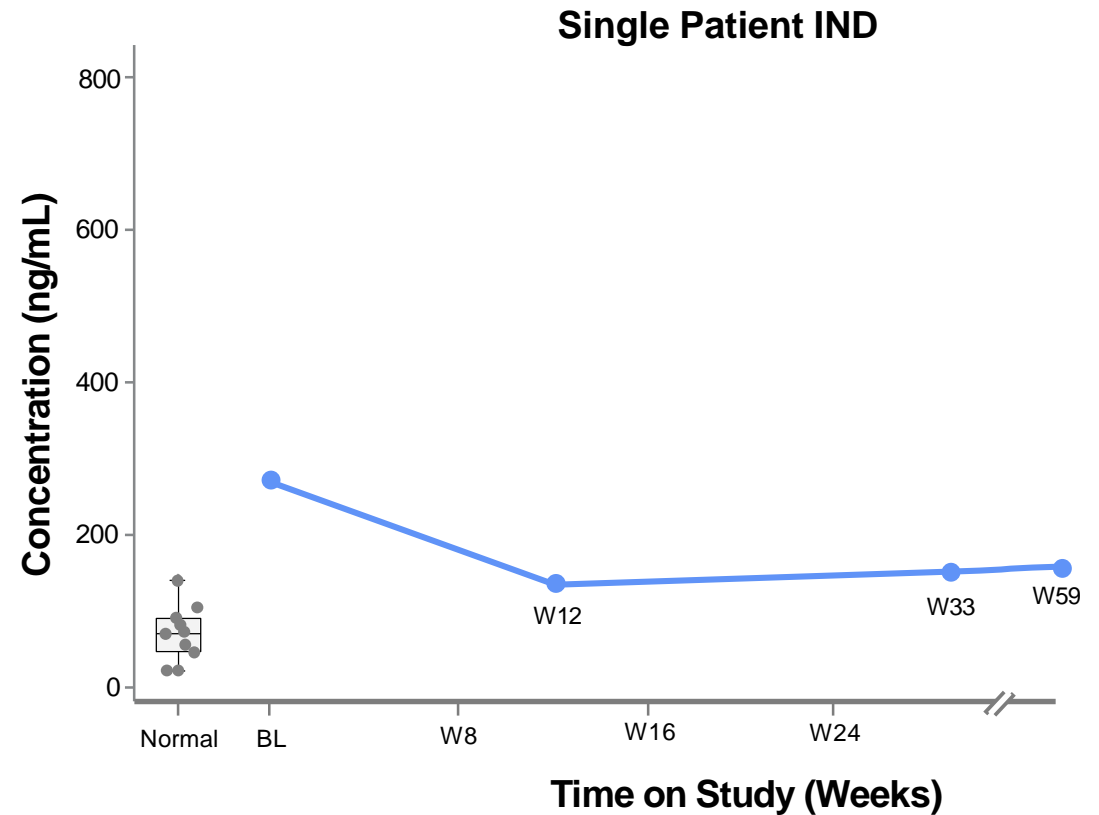
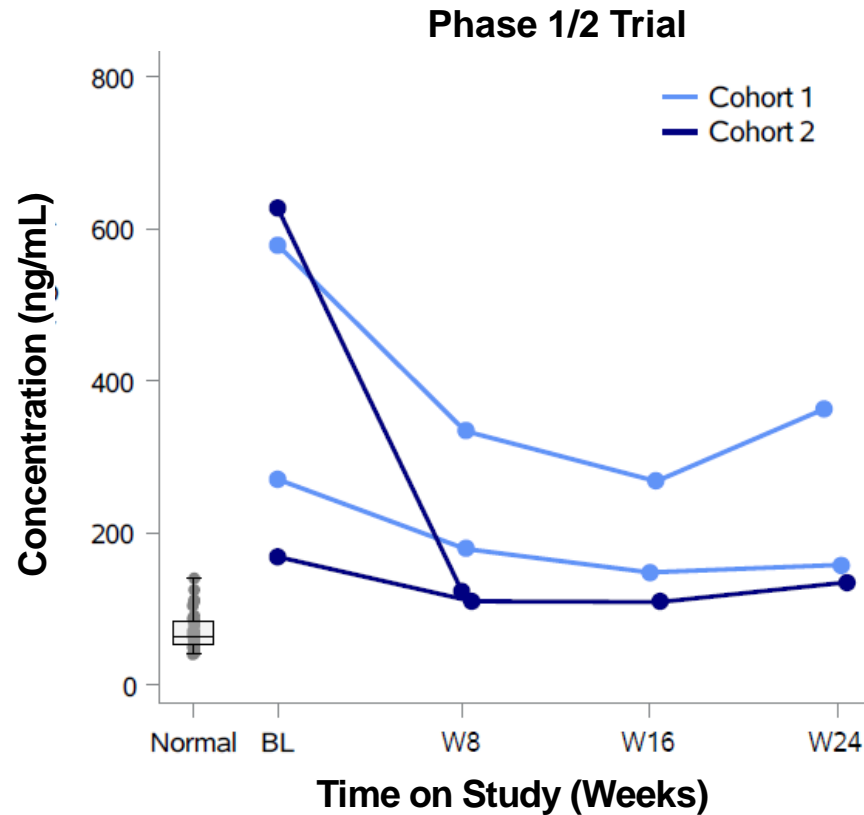
† Per protocol, participants may discontinue ERT after week 28

[^] Participant had <1 month of exposure to ERT

* 2 participants recently dosed. Data for Cohort 2 will only include 1 or 2 participants depending on data availability

** Previously reported as 1.3 x 10¹⁰ from initial calculations for brain mass

Cerebrospinal Fluid (CSF) Biomarker Heparan Sulfate (HS)



- Decreased CSF heparan sulfate in all participants through last time point available
- Measurable CSF IDUA enzyme activity* in 3 of 4 participants in the Phase 1/2 trial and the single patient IND participant

Note: Normative data are based on 29 normal samples. Age ranges from 1 mo. to 21 years of age

- Data not shown

Neurodevelopmental Assessments

Age and developmentally appropriate validated instruments for neurodevelopmental testing were used to evaluate all participants

n = 4*



Bayley Scale of Infant and Toddler Development, Third Edition (BSID-III)
for chronological or developmental ages
0 to 42 months

n = 3

2 Phase 1/2 trial participants
1 single patient IND participant



Wechsler Abbreviated Scale of Intelligence (WASI-II) for chronological and development age > 6 years

Vineland Adaptive Behavior Scale, Third Edition (VABS-III)

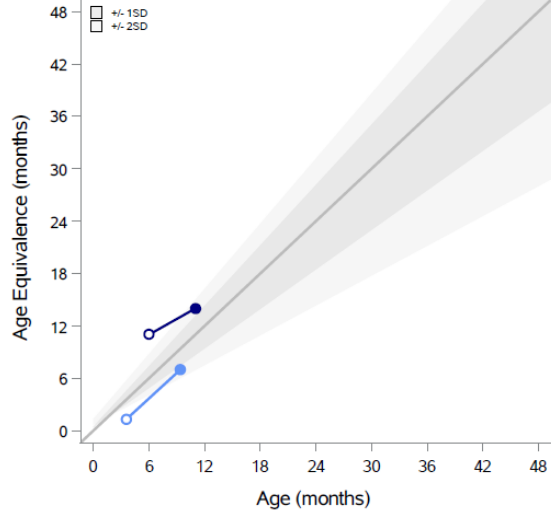
n = 1

1 Phase 1/2 trial participant

* With at least one post-baseline assessment

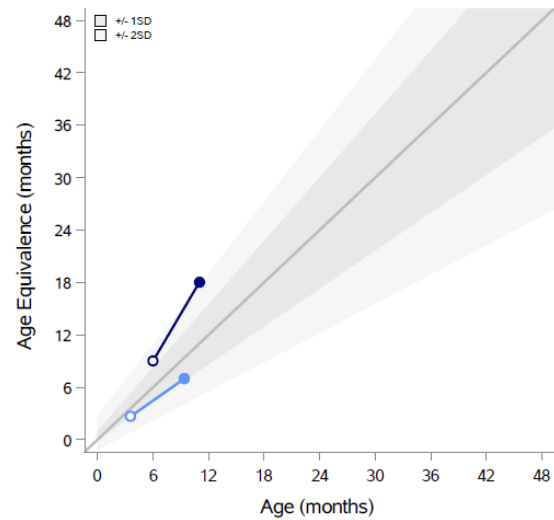
Neurodevelopmental Function BSID-III

Cognition

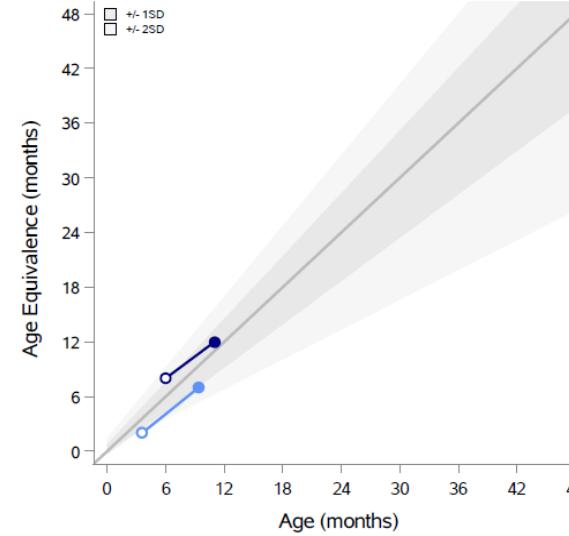


Expressive Language

Phase 1/2 Trial

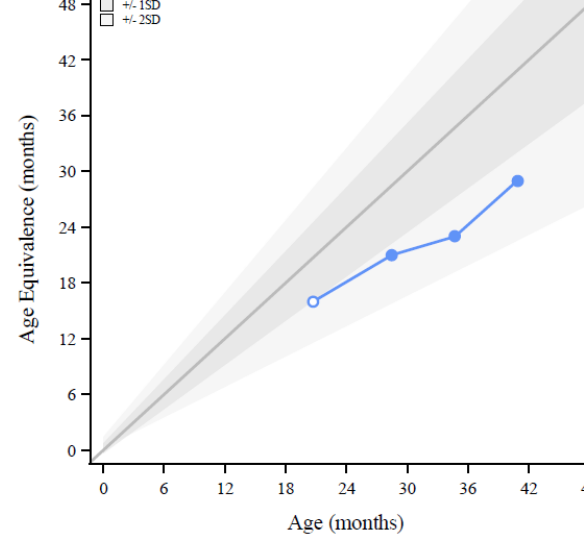
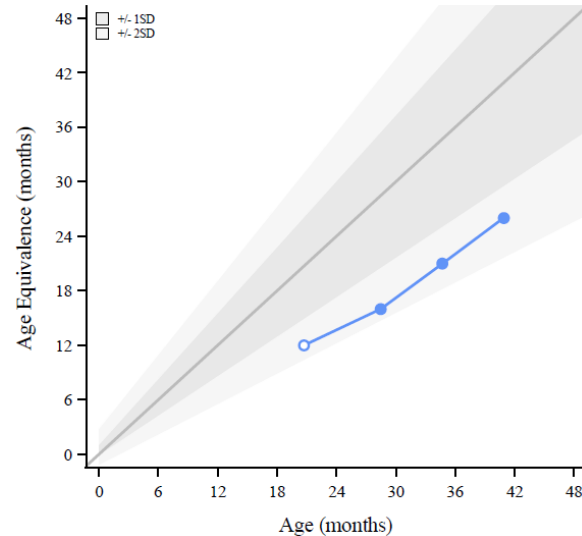
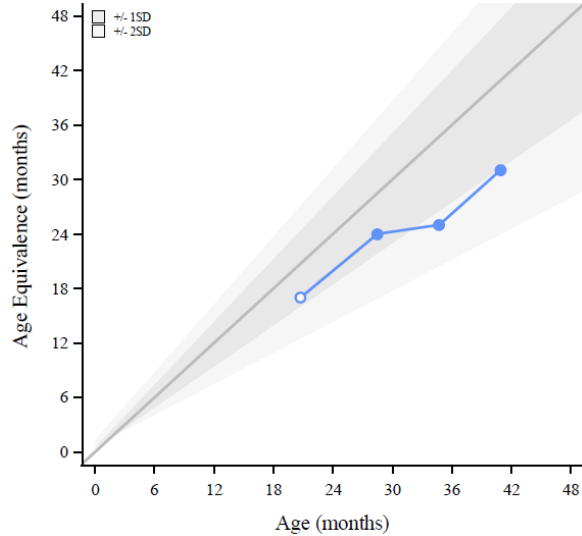


Fine Motor



— Cohort 1
— Cohort 2

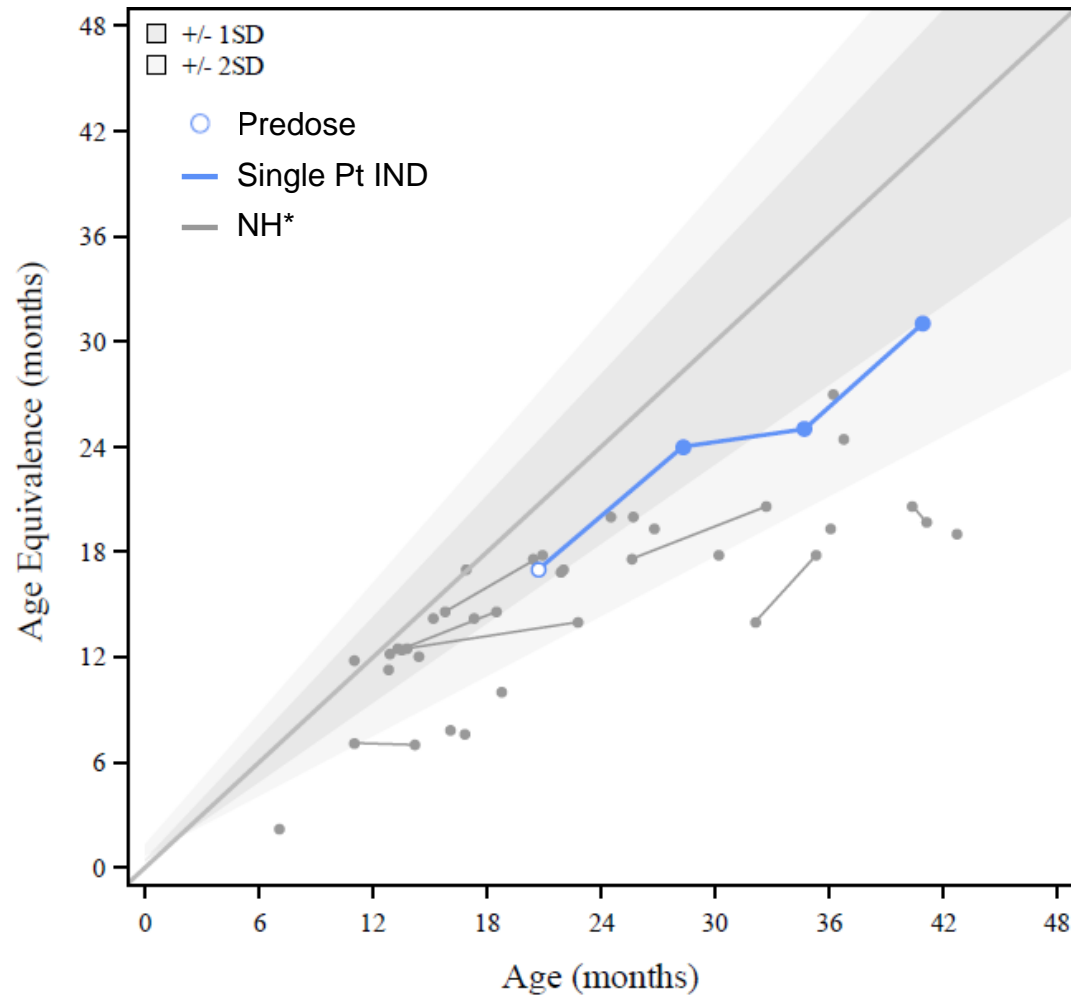
Single Patient IND



All participants showed continued skill acquisition within 2 SD of normative mean on the cognition, expressive language and fine motor subtests at last assessment

Neurodevelopmental Function BSID* Cognition

Single Patient IND Data Compared to MPS I Natural History



- Cognitive function remains within 2 SD of normative range at the last assessment, 20 months after RGX-111 administration
- BSID cognition in participant approaching 42 months of age demonstrated higher age equivalent scores than available natural history data

Neurodevelopmental Function: WASI-II and VABS-III

13 year-old Phase 1/2 Trial Participant

WASI-II Full Scale Composite		
	Baseline Chronological Age 13y	Week 52 Chronological Age 14y
Mean 100 (SD 15)	43	47

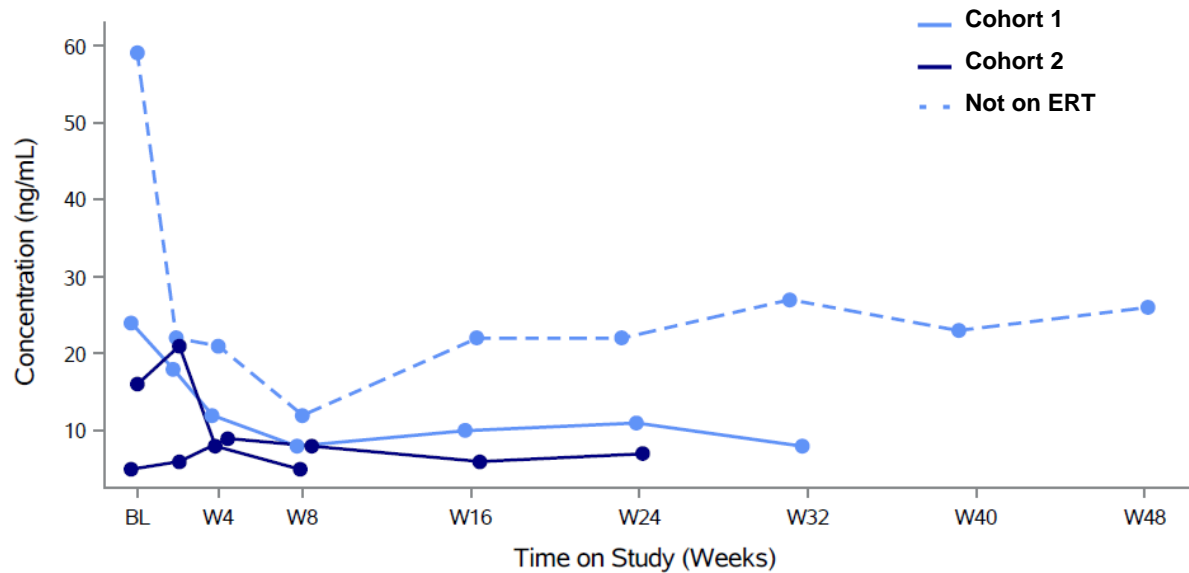
VABS-III Age Equivalent Scores (year:month)		
	Baseline Chronological Age 13y	Week 52 Chronological Age 14y
Personal (dressing, feeding, toileting, and washing/hygiene)	4:1	7:10
Domestic	7:7	6:7
Community	7:4	6:10
Interpersonal Relationships	5:10	7:4
Play and Leisure	8:1	8:1
Coping Skill	3:4	9:10
Adaptive Behavior	6:3	7:10
Fine Motor	5:7	6:4
Gross Motor	4:0	4:6

13 yr old Phase 1/2 trial participant demonstrated improvements in WASI composite and the majority of components of the VABS 52 weeks after RGX-111 administration

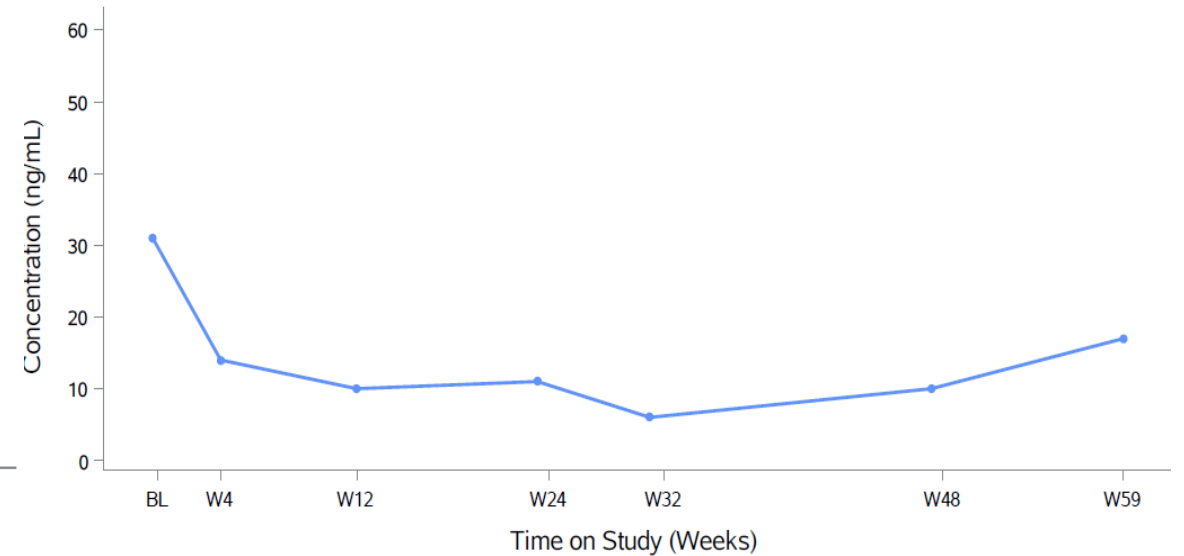
Systemic Effects: Plasma IOS6

IOS6 is a non-reducing end (NRE) disaccharide of glycosaminoglycans shown to be elevated in plasma, urine and CSF of MPS I patients^{1,2,3,4,5}

Phase 1/2 Trial



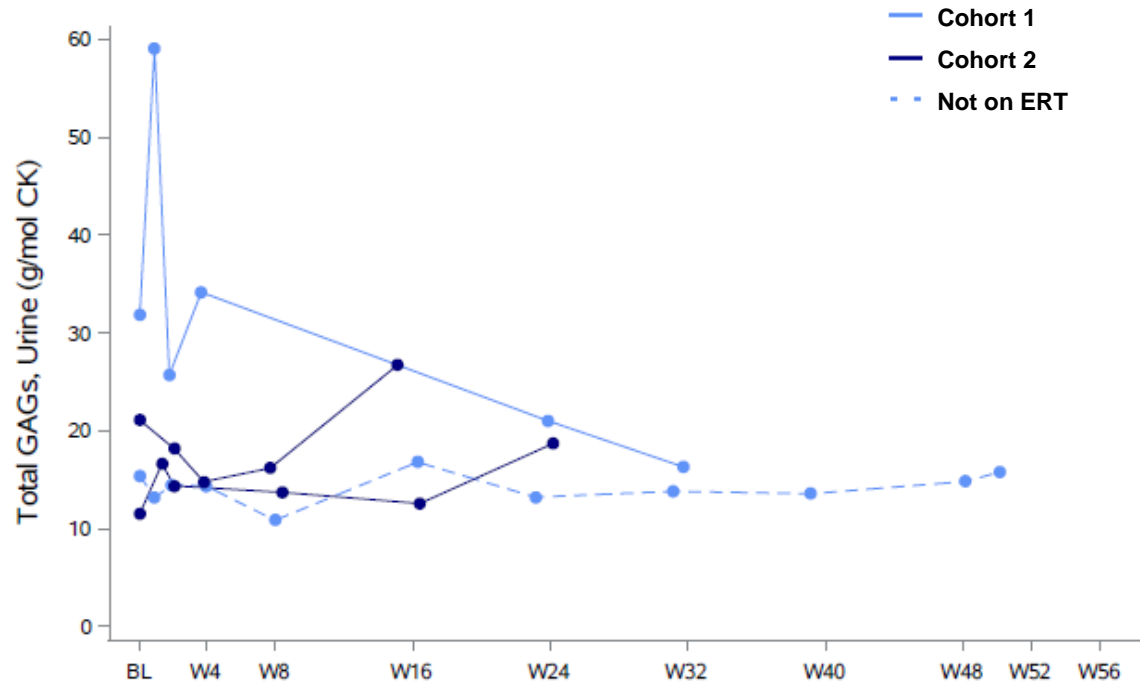
Single Patient IND



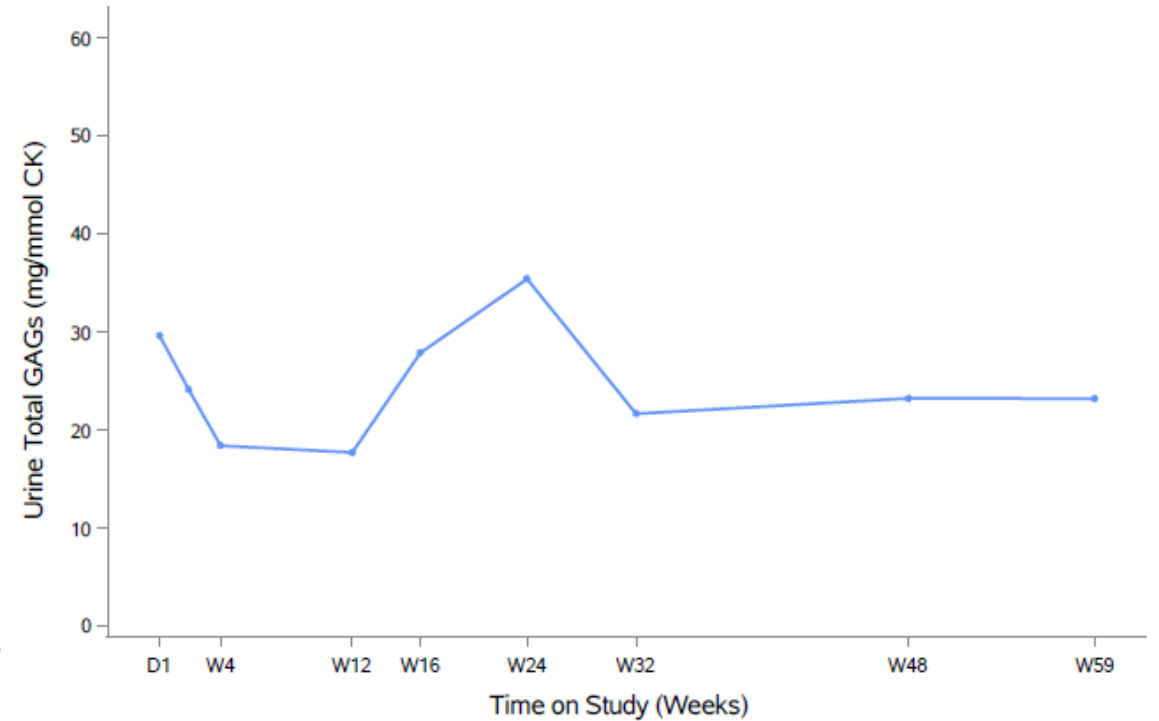
Participants with elevated IOS6 at baseline showed a decrease in IOS6 following RGX-111 administration

Systemic Effects: Urine Total GAGs

Phase 1/2 Trial



Single Patient IND



Total urinary GAGs remained below 30 g/mol in all participants at last time point available

RGX-111 Phase 1/2 Trial and Single Patient IND

Summary of Results

Safety: RGX-111 appeared to be well tolerated

- A total of 6 participants dosed with RGX-111 with no SAEs related to study drug

CNS: Biomarker and neurodevelopmental assessments indicate encouraging RGX-111 CNS profile

- **Biomarker:**
 - CSF HS reduction and IDUA enzyme activity indicate CNS biological activity
- **Neurodevelopment:**
 - Participants showed continued skill acquisition within 2 SD of normative mean on the cognition, expressive language and fine motor subtests at last assessment
 - Single patient IND participant at 42 months of age demonstrated higher age equivalent scores than available natural history data 20 months after RGX-111 administration

Emerging evidence of systemic biomarker activity after CNS administration of RGX-111

- Plasma I0S6 reductions observed following RGX-111 administration
- Low levels of urinary GAGs maintained in all participants

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**The MPS I patients
and their families**



Thank You